Financial Statements of

GABRIEL DUMONT INSTITUTE OF NATIVE STUDIES AND APPLIED RESEARCH, INC.

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.(the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

Saskatoon, Canada July 22, 2021

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,759,788	\$ 1,543,060
Short-term investments (note 3)	206,133	183,882
Accounts receivable (note 8) Prepaid expenses	667,444 57,705	392,700 68,187
riepaiu experises	3,691,070	2,187,829
Dranativ and aguinment (note 4)	2,186,003	2,302,760
Property and equipment (note 4)	2,186,003	2,302,760
	\$ 5,877,073	\$ 4,490,589
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5 & 8)	\$ 2,000,405	\$ 1,258,975
Deferred contributions (note 6)	 1,685,851	864,734
	3,686,256	2,123,709
Net assets (deficiency):		
Administration and core services	314,880	72,119
Invested in property and equipment	2,186,003	2,302,760
Culture and Heritage S.U.N.T.E.P.	(384,986) 74,920	(384,986) 376,987
0.0.11.1.2.1	 2,190,817	 2,366,880
Commitments (note 9)		
	\$ 5,877,073	\$ 4,490,589

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Governor

Governor

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Administration & Core Services	Culture and Heritage	S.U.N.T.E.P	Total 2021	Total 2020
Revenue:	-				
Government of Saskatchewan					
- Ministry of Advanced Education	\$ 2,314,646	\$ -	\$ 3,602,904	\$ 5,917,550	\$ 5,854,600
Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.					
- MNU (Schedule 5)	6,838,053	-	-	6,838,053	3,299,378
Other (schedule 1)	1,108,981	704,779	271,308	2,085,068	1,510,118
Government of Canada					
- Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada (schedule 4)	-	306,900	-	306,900	279,000
- The Department of Canadian Heritage	-	-		-	54,161
	10,261,680	1,011,679	3,874,212	15,147,571	10,997,257
Expenses:				•	
Student allowances - MNU (Schedule 6)	6,838,053	-	-	6,838,053	3,055,266
Salaries and benefits (schedule 3)	1,714,906	579,120	1,881,805	4,175,831	4,119,767
Instructional costs	-	-	1,813,972	1,813,972	1,934,104
Operating costs (schedule 2)	1,051,199	295,544	369,899	1,716,642	1,638,006
Public relations (schedule 3)	105,589	145,251	53,465	304,305	347,216
Curriculum development	4,031	195,918	20,231	220,180	230,822
Travel and sustenance (schedule 3)	82,454	2,507	22,448	107,409	305,473
Scholarships	67,000	•	250	67,250	1,400
Kapachee	54,686	-	-	54,686	54,686
Library costs	3,423	366	18,657	22,446	18,297
Works of art	•	2,860	-	2,860	9,691
	9,921,341	1,221,566	4,180,727	15,323,634	11,714,728
Administrative allocation	(209,887)	209,887	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ 130,452	\$ -	\$ (306,515)	\$ (176,063)	\$ (717,471)

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Adr	ninistration and Core Services	Culture and Heritage			Invested in Property and Equipment	2021	2020
Net assets (deficiency), beginning of year Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	72,119 130,452	\$ (384,986) -	\$	376,987 (306,515)	\$ 2,302,760	\$ 2,366,880 (176,063)	\$ 3,084,351 (717,471)
Amortization Purchase of property and equipment Net assets (deficiency), end of year	\$	137,792 (25,483) 314,880	\$ (384,986)	\$	6,936 (2,488) 74,920	(144,728) 27,971 \$ 2,186,003	\$ 2,190,817	\$ 2,366,880

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operations:		
Deficiency of revenue over expenses Item not involving cash:	\$ (176,063)	\$ (717,471)
Amortization Investment income and market value	144,728	156,346
adjustments Change in non-cash operating working capital	(22,251)	5,023
Accounts receivable	(274,744)	77,011
Prepaid expenses	10,482	8,576
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	741,430	232,437
Deferred contributions	821,117	845,573
	1,244,699	607,495
Investing:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(27,971)	(204,602)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,216,728	402,893
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,543,060	1,140,167
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,759,788	\$ 1,543,060

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Nature of operations:

Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. ("GDI" or "the Institute") and its affiliates are Not-for-Profit Organizations incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and are not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

The Institute is a not-for-profit organization that provides Métis people in Saskatchewan the opportunity to obtain training and education. This opportunity is provided through the Institute as well as its affiliates, Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II and Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.

The Institute is associated with Gabriel Dumont College, Inc., Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc., as the Board of Governors of the Institute are the same governors and the only governors of the associated and related entities. These financial statements do not include the operations of these associated and related entities. Further information about these entities is disclosed in note 6.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations in accordance with Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook.

(a) Fund accounting:

Revenue and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities are reported in the following funds:

Administration and Core Services

The finance and operations department which is located in Saskatoon is responsible for carrying out the organization's financial planning, administering personnel services and providing administrative support services to the entire organization.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(a) Fund accounting (continued):

Core service departments include curriculum development, research, library and information services. The research and curriculum staff are located in Saskatoon and library staff work in both the Regina and Prince Albert Resource Centres. The curriculum department is an important vehicle for the fulfillment of the Institute's mandate, which is the promotion and renewal of Métis culture. The research department is responsible for identifying new projects, developing proposals and identifying funding sources for the successful completion of projects. The library has a unique collection which focuses on Métis history and culture and on issues of concern in Métis and First Nations communities. It serves the research needs of the Institute and has locations in Regina, Saskatoon, and Prince Albert.

Culture and Heritage

The Culture and Heritage fund has allowed the Institute to make important links with Métis communities and organization in Western Canada. The funds allocated have assisted the Institute in creating Métis cultural development in the following areas: public education and cultural preservation, awareness, resource/material development, community consultations, Métis cultural programming and the collection of Métis artifacts. The goals accomplished with the contract between the Federal Interlocutor for Métis and Non-Status Indians Division, Privy Council Office and the Institute will lead to a series of long-term Métis-specific resources and cultural programs that will serve the Métis people and the Canadian public into the future.

S.U.N.T.E.P.

The Saskatchewan Urban Native Teacher Education Program ("S.U.N.T.E.P") is a four-year fully accredited Bachelor of Education program, offered by the Institute in cooperation with the Ministry of Advanced Education, Employment and Immigration of the province of Saskatchewan, the University of Regina and the University of Saskatchewan. The program is offered in three urban centres - Prince Albert, Saskatoon, and Regina. The program combines training and a sound academic education with extensive classroom experience and a thorough knowledge of issues facing students in our society.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Métis Nation University

GDI receives funding from Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc. ("MN-S") to be distributed for the MN-S Post-Secondary Education Program, Métis Nation University ("MNU"). The goal of the program is to provide Métis citizens with funding to support their attendance at post-secondary institutions.

Other Specific Contract Projects

The Institute has implemented a wide variety of additional education and training offerings throughout Saskatchewan. Many of these programs have been delivered in cooperation with the University of Saskatchewan and the Ministry of Advanced Education, Employment and Immigration of the province of Saskatchewan.

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contributions include grant and contract revenue. Deferred revenue represents funding received related to expenditures and program delivery in future years.

Tuition fees, teaching and fees for services are recognized as revenue when the courses and services are delivered.

Royalties and donations are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

(c) Financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities (cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and advances to related parties) are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Institute has elected to carry their short-term investments at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net revenue in the period incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Institute determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Institute expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(d) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value plus other costs incurred at the date of acquisition. Normal maintenance and repair expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Amortization is recorded in the accounts utilizing the following methods and rates:

Asset	Method	Rate
Buildings	Declining	5 %
Computer equipment	Declining	20%
Equipment	Declining	20%
Works of art, artifacts	Declining	5%
Leasehold Improvements	Straight-line	10%

Amortization is charged for the full year in the year of acquisition. No amortization is taken in the year of disposal. It is expected that these procedures will charge operations with the total cost of the assets over the useful lives of the assets. Gains or losses on the disposal of individual assets are recognized in income in the year of disposal.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Library costs:

The Institute's library collection includes materials related to the culture and history of Aboriginal peoples not readily available from other sources. These materials assist the Institute in its own cultural and historical research and curriculum activities. The acquisition costs of the library collection are expensed. The library collection is not carried at cost and amortized because they are: held for public exhibition, education and research; protected, cared for and preserved; and any proceeds from sales are used to maintain the existing collection and to acquire other items for the collection.

During 2017, the Institute purchased the "Métis Nation – Saskatchewan Archival Collection" from the Métis Nation – Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc. for \$500,000. These Archives contain a large collection of antique books, newspapers, pamphlets, and ephemera related to Métis history.

(f) Employee benefits:

The Institute provides a defined contribution pension plan, life insurance, long and short-term disability coverage, dental, vision, and health care benefits to employees. Costs are expensed in the year incurred. The pension expense for the year was \$248,044 (2020 - \$234,388).

(g) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of property and equipment, the collectibility of accounts receivable and the estimate of deferred contributions. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(h) Allocation of shared expenses:

The Institute and affiliates sometimes incur shared costs that are related to all Gabriel Dumont affiliates. The Institute allocates certain of its general support expenses by identifying the appropriate basis of allocating each expense between the affiliates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include bank balances and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

3. Investments and marketable securities:

		2021		2020
	Cost	Market	Cost	 Market
Provincial bonds	\$ 16,369	\$ 16,723	\$ 21,341	\$ 21,693
Debentures	46,155	47,773	52,277	51,652
Guaranteed investment				
certificate	57,000	57,000	52,000	52,000
Cash	33,330	33,182	24,634	24,634
Common Shares	41,882	51,456	39,363	33,944
	\$ 194,736	\$ 206,134	\$ 189,615	\$ 183,923

The Provincial Bonds have interest rates of 1.55% to 3.10% (2020 - 1.55% to 3.10%) and mature between 2022 and 2024 (2020 - 2021 to 2024).

The debentures are all at fixed rates and have a weighted average interest rate of 2.69% (2020 - 2.76%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 4.03 (2020 - 4.43) years.

The guaranteed investment certificates have a weighted average interest rate of 2.35% (2020 - 2.64%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 4.06 (2020 - 3.43) years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Property and equipment:

				2021	 2020
		Α	ccumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	8	amortization	value	value
Administrative:					
Land	\$ 287,591	\$	-	\$ 287,591	\$ 287,591
Buildings	3,032,427		1,393,559	1,638,868	1,725,124
Computer equipment	560,686		429,662	131,024	138,298
Equipment	 1,270,525		1,211,536	 58,989	73,736
	5,151,229		3,034,757	2,116,472	2,224,749
Core services:					
Equipment	310,881		308,126	2,755	3,443
Works of art/artifacts	22,445		8,086	14,359	15,115
Leasehold improvements	70,885		47,589	23,296	25,885
	404,211		363,801	40,410	44,443
S.U.N.T.E.P.					
Equipment	358,759		332,132	26,627	30,795
Leasehold Improvements	 9,991	_	7,512	2,479	 2,755
	368,750		339,644	29,106	33,550
Other					
Equipment	16,780		16,765	15	18
	\$ 5,940,970	\$	3,754,967	\$ 2,186,003	\$ 2,302,760

5. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is an optional deferred salary leave plan (DSLP) in the amount of \$83,277 (2020 - \$50,968). The Institute's DSLP is designed to assist employees in financing a leave of absence. Employees who opt into this plan are paid up to 66.67% of their normal gross pay while the remaining 33.33% is withheld from their salary and invested in a savings account with a Chartered financial institution held by the Institute. The Institute guarantees payment of the deferred amount (including interest) upon the employee taking a leave of absence.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

6. Deferred contributions:

The Institute has deferred contributions for the following projects:

Funding Agent	Project	 2021	2020
Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	MNU	\$ 274,382	\$ 864,734
Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	COVID support	1,411,469	-
		\$ 1,685,851	\$ 864,734

7. Associated and related entities:

The following organizations are associated with the Institute as the Board of Governors are the same directors and the only governors of the Gabriel Dumont College, Inc., Dumont Technical Institute, Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II and Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc., Amounts shown are for the most recent fiscal year end of each entity.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

7. Associated and related entities (continued):

	Dumont	Gat	oriel Dumont	-	Gabriel	Gai	oriel Dumont
	Technical		Scholarship		Dumont		tute Training
	Institute Inc.	-	oundation II		College Inc.		mployment.
	June 30,	D	ecember 31,		March 31,	In	c. March 31,
	2020		2020		2021		2021
Total assets	\$ 11,225,360	\$	6,321,460	\$	1,418,127	\$	1,133,577
Total liabilities	6,287,677		2,747,556		402,759		1,127,187
Net assets	4 000 000		000 700		4 045 000		
- internally restricted/unrestricted	4,626,898		329,799		1,015,368		6 200
- externally restricted	310,785		3,244,105	_			6,390
	\$ 11,225,360	\$	6,321,460	\$	1,418,127	\$	1,133,577
Results of operations:							
Total revenue	8,631,214		277,864		1,866,740		15,662,866
Total expenses	8,431,911		284,960		1,923,210		15,662,866
Net revenue (expense)	\$ 199,303	\$	(7,096)	\$	(56,470)	\$	-
Cash flows:							
Cash provided by (used in)							
operations	(12,490)	\$	(29,855)		(480,717)		(544,947)
Cash provided by	(12, 100)	•	(=0,000)		(100),,		(0,0)
(used in) financing and							
investing activities	(1,284,896)		(36,669)		(8,366)		-
Increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (1,297,386)	\$	(66,524)	\$	(489,083)	\$	(544,947)
Cash, end of year	\$ 1,316,584	\$	25,836	\$	384,624	\$	439,900

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

8. Related party transactions:

The Institute had the following revenue and (expense) transactions with entities under common control and related parties during the year. All transactions were recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

	2021	2020
Entities under common control:		
Fees for service (office and equipment rent) Fees for service (administrative services, at negotiated value) Fees for service (programming services) Sales and royalties Building (rent) Programming services	\$ 264,972 164,894 8,243,000 17,184 (256,333) (616,882)	\$ 241,740 222,790 4,475,980 47,372 (206,545) (431,678)
	\$ 7,816,835	\$ 4,349,659

Inter-fund administrative support/facility recovery expenses are charged based on estimated use of services.

Amounts included in accounts receivable and accounts payable are as follows:

***	Accounts receivable			
	 2021		2020	
Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	\$ 211,200	\$	71	
Métis National Council	131,250		-	
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	123,468		188,800	
Dumont Technical Institute Inc.	78,745		118,292	
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.	1,891		3,029	
	\$ 546,554	\$	310,192	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

8. Related party transactions (continued):

	 Accounts payable			
	 2021		2020	
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	\$ 480,318	\$	422,849	
Dumont Technical Institute Inc.	13,228		500	
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.	102,177		232	
Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II	39		17,178	
	\$ 595,762	\$	440,759	

9. Commitments:

The Institute is committed pursuant to various operating leases and contractual obligations for services in each of the next five years as follows:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 307,838 99,945 28,888 28,888 22,827
	\$ 488,386

10. Economic dependence:

Approximately 86% (2020 - 89%) of the Institute's revenue was derived from the Provincial and Federal Governments of Canada. Funding is provided by annual grants under contracts expiring on various dates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

11. Financial instruments and risk management:

The Institute, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk and market risk (interest rate risk and other price risk).

Credit risk

The Institute's principal financial assets subject to credit risk are cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and accounts receivable. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the Institute's maximum credit exposure at the year-end date.

The Institute's credit risk on its short-term investments is primarily attributable due to the volatility of the markets. The Credit risk related to accounts receivable is minimized as these receivables are normally from government agencies. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest bearing investments have a limited exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term period to maturity.

12. COVID 19:

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic which continues to spread throughout Canada. On March 18, 2020, the Government of Saskatchewan (SK) declared a provincial state of emergency due to the pandemic. The impact of COVID-19 on the Institute, including the remote delivery of certain programming and various effects on funding availability, are reflected in the financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. The Institute continues to provide services via virtual and social distancing learning, the situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the potential impact on future results is currently undeterminable.

13. Comparative figures:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

GABRIEL DUMONT INSTITUTE OF NATIVE STUDIES AND APPLIED RESEARCH, INC. Schedule of Other Revenue

	 stration and re Services	(Culture and Heritage	S.	U.N.T.E.P.	2021	2020
Fees for services	\$ 818,863	\$	51,998	\$	-	\$ 870,861	\$ 780,086
Sales and royalties	-		393,240		-	393,240	203,181
Tuition income	-		•		176,922	176,922	183,419
Miscellaneous	250,127		6,428		•	256,555	168,081
Teaching income	, <u>-</u>		•		94,386	94,386	103,939
Interest income and market value							
adjustments	42,263		-		_	42,263	55,972
Métis National Council	· <u>-</u>		250,000		-	250,000	• -
Other grants	-		3,113		-	3,113	12,974
Veterans monument donations	2,214		· -		-	2,214	2,466
Gain (Loss) on foreign exchange	 (4,486)		-		-	 (4,486)	 <u> </u>
	\$ 1,108,981	\$	704,779	\$	271,308	\$ 2,085,068	\$ 1,510,118

Schedule of Operating Costs

	 inistration & ore Services	Culture and Heritage	S	.U.N.T.E.P.	2021	2020
Building	\$ 302,049	\$ 160,326	\$	230,869	\$ 693,244	\$ 651,398
Computer services	337,779	2,791		37,996	378,566	219,943
Amortization	137,792	-		6,936	144,728	156,346
Consulting and legal services	107,353	-		35,000	142,353	102,045
Office supplies	20,604	18,023		9,501	48,128	71,163
Bad debts		-		•	-	66,997
Telephone	59,370	2,451		3,231	65,052	66,375
Museum	•	40,365		•	40,365	63,844
Other equipment expenses	8,630	11,309		32,518	52,457	58,961
Insurance	46,502	5,359		5,453	57,314	56,639
Cultural partnerships	· -	29,376		•	29,376	47,808
Postage and courier	20,857	7,166		3,346	31,369	33,396
Duplicating and materials development	5,825	3,138		5,049	14,012	24,154
Bank charges	4,438	15,240		-	19,678	18,937
	\$ 1,051,199	\$ 295,544	\$	369,899	\$ 1,716,642	\$ 1,638,006

GABRIEL DUMONT INSTITUTE OF NATIVE STUDIES AND APPLIED RESEARCH, INC.Schedule of Salary and Benefits, Public Relations and Travel and Sustenance Expenses

		ninistration & ore Services	Culture and Heritage	S.U.N.T.E.P.	 2021	2020
Salaries and benefits:						
Staff salaries and wages Staff benefits	\$	1,426,419 288,487	\$ 500,593 78,527	\$ 1,616,590 265,215	\$ 3,543,602 632,229	3,491,707 628,060
	\$	1,714,906	\$ 579,120	\$ 1,881,805	\$ 4,175,831	\$ 4,119,767
Public relations:						
Promotion, publicity and graduation Recruitment Orientation	\$	66,962 38,627	\$ 145,251 - -	\$ 48,421 5,044 -	\$ 260,634 43,671 -	\$ 339,212 7,440 564
	\$	105,589	\$ 145,251	\$ 53,465	\$ 304,305	\$ 347,216
Travel and sustenance:						
Staff and students Board	\$	25,289 57,165	\$ 2,507 -	\$ 21,998 450	\$ 49,794 57,615	174,283 131,190
	\$	82,454	\$ 2,507	\$ 22,448	\$ 107,409	\$ 305,473

Schedule of Government of Canada - Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada - Office of the Federal Interlocutor

	<u></u>	MCCI		MCCI		MCCI	MCCI	MCCI
		contract	amend	lment #2	amen	dment #3	 2021 Total	2020 Total
Revenue:								
Office of the Federal Interlocutor	\$	306,900	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 306,900	\$ 279,000
		306,900		-		-	306,900	279,000
Expenses:								
Curriculum development		189,621		-		-	189,621	124,169
Museum		40,365		-		-	40,365	63,844
Cultural partnerships		29,376		-		-	29,376	47,808
Administrative services		44,998		-		-	44,998	33,758
Michif preservation		2,540		-		-	2,540	9,421
Consulting and legal services				-			-	-
		306,900		-		-	306,900	279,000
Net revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -

Schedule of Metis Nation of Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.

	2021		2020
Metis Nation University- Core			
Revenue:			
Metis Nation of Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc	\$ 5,910,352	\$	3,055,266
Wrap around services	331,170	,	244,112
_	6,241,522		3,299,378
Expenses:			
Student allowances	5,999,693		3,055,266
Contractual and consulting	241,829		2.055.000
Davage average	6,241,522		3,055,266
Revenue over expenses	-		244,112
Metis Nation University- COVID allowances Revenue:			
Metis Nation of Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	353,210		-
Recovery fee	35,321		-
_	388,531		-
Expenses:			
Student allowances	353,210		-
Administration	35,321 388,531		
Revenue over expenses	300,331		<u>-</u>
Metis Nation University- COVID supplies Revenue:			
Metis Nation of Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc.	208,000		•
Expenses:			
Student supplies	200,000		-
Administration	8,000		-
	208,000		-
Revenue over expenses	-		-
Total Revenue	6,838,053		3,299,378
Total Expenses	6,838,053		3,055,266

Financial Statements of

DUMONT TECHNICAL INSTITUTE INC.

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended June 30, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governors of Dumont Technical Institute

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dumont Technical Institute (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at June 30, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
 planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
 deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

October 7, 2021

Saskatoon, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,229,751	\$ 1,316,584
Accounts receivable	303,310	697,527
Prepaid expenses	 231,435	132,936
	2,764,496	2,147,047
Investments (note 4)	1,002,544	916,688
Property and equipment (note 5)	7,799,740	8,161,625
	\$ 11,566,780	\$ 11,225,360
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 523,528	\$ 471,952
Deferred revenue (note 6)	1,596,794	1,304,171
Current portion of long-term debt (note 7)	 200,533	 192,395
	2,320,855	1,968,518
Long-term debt (note 7)	1,390,835	1,530,244
Deferred capital contributions (note 8)	2,649,469	2,788,915
Net assets		
Invested in property and equipment	3,558,903	3,650,070
Core	1,336,191	976,828
Programming	310,527	310,785
	5,205,621	4,937,683
Commitments (notes 8 and 9)		
	\$ 11,566,780	\$ 11,225,360

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended June 30, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		BE	Other		
	Core	Programs	Programs	2021	2020
Revenue:					
Government of					
Saskatchewan grants	\$ 2 070 772	\$ 2,189,370	\$ 887,897	\$ 5,148,039	\$ 5,230,235
Tuition and fees	Ψ 2,070,772	44,738	2,307,897	2,352,635	2,493,702
Facility rental and		44,730	2,507,037	2,332,033	2,433,702
other income	728,773	_	_	728,773	723,470
Amortization of	120,110	_	_	720,773	725,470
deferred capital					
contributions	139,446	_	_	139,446	146,785
Investment income	93,447	_	_	93,447	37,022
mvestment income	3,032,438	2,234,108	3,195,794	8,462,340	8,631,214
	3,032,430	2,234,100	3, 193, 194	0,402,340	0,031,214
Expenses:					
Salaries	1,177,751	1,240,385	1,212,034	3,630,170	3,848,480
Purchased courses	124,356	220,855	883,455	1,228,666	817,186
Facilities	325,687	292,817	262,300	880,804	958,684
Staff benefits	227,912	210,255	212,674	650,841	683,488
Amortization	453,862	-	,	453,862	483,793
Instructional costs	7,579	57,801	299,529	364,909	415,999
Administrative services	3,624	28,000	152,184	183,808	206,819
Software support	81,530	66,024	28,601	176,155	192,657
Telephone and fax	74,359	11,034	12,071	97,464	77,422
Insurance	61,952	1,929	31,134	95,015	97,769
Office supplies	41,512	26,163	16,415	84,090	118,895
Staff travel	14,125	39,970	27,214	81,309	156,121
Equipment and	,	·	·	•	·
education supplies	19,807	24,558	29,023	73,388	111,391
Public relations	48,381	14,037	6,265	68,683	83,845
Professional					
development	18,798	280	6,141	25,219	31,731
Professional services	27,437	-	16,500	43,937	44,324
Interest and bank					
charges	55,828	-	-	55,828	63,981
Bad debts	-		254	254	39,326
	2,764,500	2,234,108	3,195,794	8,194,402	8,431,911
Excess of					
revenue over expenses	\$ 267,938	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 267,938	\$ 199,303

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Invested in property and		<u>Programn</u> BE	ning Funds Other		
	equipment	Core	Programs	Programs	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 3,650,070 \$	976,828 \$	193,638 \$	117,147	\$ 4,937,683	\$ 4,738,380
Excess of revenue over expenses	-	267,938	-	-	267,938	199,303
Purchase of property and equipment	91,977	(91,977)	-	-	-	-
Amortization	(453,862)	453,862	-	-	-	-
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	139,446	(139,446)	-	-	-	-
Repayment of long-term debt	131,272	(131,272)	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 3,558,903 \$	1,335,933 \$	193,638 \$	117,147	\$ 5,205,621	\$ 4,937,683

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2021, with comparative information for and 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operations:		
Excess of revenue over expenses Items not involving cash:	\$ 267,938	\$ 199,303
Amortization	453,862	483,793
Investment increase to fair value	(63,301)	(11,095)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions Change in non-cash operating working capital:	(139,446)	(146,785)
Accounts receivable	394,217	(170,988)
Prepaid expenses	(98,499)	5,249
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	51,576	(498,277)
Deferred revenue	292,623	 126,310
-	1,158,970	(12,490)
Financing:		
Issuance of long term debt	-	200,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(131,271)	(80,360)
	 (131,271)	119,640
Investing:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(91,977)	(1,204,536)
Proceeds on disposal of investments	176,234	-
Purchase of investments	(198,789)	 (200,000)
	(114,532)	(1,404,536)
Increase (decrease) in cash	 913,167	(1,297,386)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,316,584	2,613,970
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,229,751	\$ 1,316,584

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2021

1. Nature of organization:

Dumont Technical Institute Inc. ("the Institute", "DTI") is an organization that provides Métis people in Saskatchewan the opportunity to obtain training and education through the Institute as well as its affiliates, Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc., Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, and Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.

The Institute is incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and as such is not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

The Institute is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research and its related entities: Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc., and Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, as the Board of Governors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. are the same Governors and the only Governors of the controlled entities. These financial statements do not include the operations of these other entities.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit entities in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and reflect the following policies:

(a) Fund accounting:

The majority of the skills training programs offered are accredited through Saskatchewan Polytechnic.

Revenue and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities are reported in the following funds:

Core services

The Core operations are responsible for program coordination, resource management, strategic planning, provision of counselling services and the day-to-day functions of the Institute.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Basic Education Programs

The Basic Education Programming (BE) includes a wide range of programs aimed at increasing the education and literacy levels of course participants. Programs offered under BE include adult secondary education, life skills and employment enhancement.

Other Programs

Other programs include a wide range of technical programming with the aim of equipping students with the necessary knowledge and skills to enter the labour market.

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Contract revenue is recognized as service is provided under the terms of the contract. Deferred revenue represents funding received related to expenditures and program delivery in future years.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and recognized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the capital asset.

Tuition and fees are recognized as revenue when the courses are held.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents includes bank balances and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Normal maintenance and repair expenditures are expensed as incurred.

Amortization is provided using the following methods and rates:

Asset	Method	Rate
Building	Declining balance	5%
Furniture and equipment	Declining balance	20%
Computer equipment	Declining balance	30%

Assets under construction or development are not subject to amortization until the project is substantially complete and available for use. Amortization is charged for the full year in the year of acquisition. No amortization is taken in the year of disposal. It is expected that this policy will charge operations with the total cost of the assets over the useful life of the assets. Gains or losses on the disposal of individual assets are recognized in income in the year of disposal. Contributions for assets purchased are deferred and amortized on the same basis as the assets to which they relate.

The carrying amount of an item of property and equipment is tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the asset's carrying amount is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value.

(e) Employee benefits:

The Institute provides a defined contribution pension plan, life insurance, long term disability coverage, dental, vision, and health care benefits to employees. Costs are expensed in the year incurred.

(f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organization requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of property and equipment, the collectibility of accounts receivable and estimates of deferred revenue. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Allocation of income and expenses:

The Institute recognizes facility rental income in the Core service fund and allocates facility expense to the Basic Education programs and Other program funds. The amount of income recognized and expense allocated is based on a market rent analysis done by a third party.

The rental income and expense allocated are as follows:

	2021	2020
Facility rental income	\$ 275,837	\$ 313,517
Allocated as follows:		
Basic Education programs	161,750	199,430
Other programs	114,087	114,087
	\$ 275,837	\$ 313,517

3. Financial instruments and risk management:

Financial assets and liabilities (cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt and deferred revenue) are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Investments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Institute has elected to carry investments at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net revenue in the period incurred.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Institute determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Institute expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

3. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

The Institute, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

Credit risk

The Institute's principal financial assets subject to credit risk are cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the Institute's maximum credit exposure at the year-end date.

The Institute's credit risk on its investments is primarily attributable to the volatility of the markets. The credit risk related to accounts receivable is minimized as these receivables are normally from related parties and government agencies. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counter parties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest bearing investments have limited exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term period to maturity. The Institute also has exposure to interest rate risk on its debentures and long-term debt arising from interest at variable rates as well as prevailing interest rates at the time of renewal or refinancing of the debt as it becomes due.

Fair values

Investments are recorded at fair value. For certain of the Institute's financial instruments including accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these items.

Due to the non-arms length relationship between the parties, it is not possible to approximate the fair value of amounts due to affiliates, that may arise.

9

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

4. Investments:

	2021		2020				
	Cost	N	Aarket value		Cost		Market value
Debentures \$	263,615	\$	268,716	\$	327,521	\$	331,408
Guaranteed investments certificate	370,500		370,500		197,500		197,500
Common shares	196,792		256,310		189,541		183,193
Cash and cash equivalents	25,357		24,656		120,902		120,904
Provincial bonds	81,170		82,362		81,170		83,683
\$	937,434	\$	1,002,544	\$	916,634	\$	916,688

The Provincial Bonds have interest rates of 1.55% to 3.10% (2020- 1.55% to 3.10%) and mature between 2021 and 2024 (2020 - 2021 and 2024)

The debentures are all at fixed rates and have a weighted average interest rate of 2.66% (2020 - 2.69%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 2.63 years (2020 - 3.20 years).

The guaranteed investment certificates have a weighted average interest rate of 2.31% (2020-2.63%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 2.83 years (2020 - 2.95 years).

5. Property and equipment:

	Cost	ccumulated amortization	2021 Net book value	2020 Net book value
Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	\$ 981,863 8,585,851 1,398,794 471,447	\$ 2,168,347 1,088,052 381,816	\$ 981,863 6,417,504 310,742 89,631	\$ 981,863 6,715,409 384,487 79,866
	\$ 11,437,955	\$ 3,638,215	\$ 7,799,740	\$ 8,161,625

In the year ended June 30, 2021, Dumont Technical Institute has assessed for full and partial impairment on capital assets and determined that there are none.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

6. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue is comprised of the following:

	 2021	2020
Ministry of Immigration and Career Training - Skills Training Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc. Ministry of Immigration and Career Training - Basic Education	\$ 1,116,371 231,855	\$ 649,268 458,522
programs Other Employee Assistance for People with Disabilities	197,537 51,000 -	141,907 51,000 3,474
	\$ 1,596,763	\$ 1,304,171

7. Long-term debt:

	 2021	2020
Clarence Campeau Development Fund mortgage due April 1, 2029, repayable in monthly installments of \$5,298 including interest at a rate of 1% over the Bank of Nova Scotia Prime rate (4.95% for the first five years).	\$ 430,108	\$ 468,928
Clarence Campeau Development Fund no- interest loan due June 1, 2029, repayable in monthly installments of \$2,525.00.	252,500	280,275
CIBC mortgage due July 1, 2027, repayable in monthly installments of \$12,850 including interest at a rate of 0.75% over the CIBC prime rate (2.45%)	908,760	973,436
	1,591,368	1,722,639
Current portion	200,533	192,395
	\$ 1,390,835	\$ 1,530,244

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

7. Long-term debt (continued):

Estimated principal repayments of long-term debt for each of the five years and thereafter are as follows:

2024	•	000 500
2021	\$	200,533
2022		206,846
2023		213,405
2024		220,219
2025		227,297
Thereafter		523,068
	\$	1,591,368

8. Deferred capital contributions:

Contrib	outio	n Received	/	Amortization	Ва	alance 2021	Ba	alance 2020
La Loche Building 917 22nd Street West Building		1,480,000 1,600,000		274,351 156,000		1,205,469 1,444,000		1,268,915 1,520,000
	\$	3,080,000	\$	430,351	\$	2,649,469	\$	2,788,915

The Institute entered into an agreement (the "Agreement") with the Minister of Advanced Education of the Government of Saskatchewan (the "Minister") for the La Loche Program Centre Addition Project. Construction of the La Loche Program Centre was completed in 2018 and \$2,036,017 of construction costs have been incurred and capitalized to property and equipment. The deferred capital contribution funding of \$1,480,000 is being amortized into income on the same rate (5% declining balance) as the La Loche Centre capital costs.

Construction of the 917 22nd Street West Building was completed in 2019 and during the year \$3,195,077 of construction costs have been incurred and capitalized to property and equipment. Deferred capital contributions for the 917 22nd Street West Building consists of funds received or receivable for costs incurred. The deferred capital contribution funding of \$1,600,000 is being amortized into income on the same rate (5% declining balance) as the 917 22nd Street West Building capital costs.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

9. Commitments:

The Institute is committed pursuant to various operating leases for premises and office equipment in each of the next two years as follows:

2021 2022	\$ 204,287 16,138
	\$ 220,425

The majority of operating leases are renewable on an annual basis.

10. Related party transactions:

Dumont Technical Institute Inc. conducts business with several related party organizations through the Gabriel Dumont Institute (note 1). The Gabriel Dumont Institute is the educational affiliate of the Métis Nation - Saskatchewan. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

	 2021	 2020
Tuition and fees	\$ 1,918,275	\$ 2,204,478
Rent (included in facility rental and other income) Tuitions	358,584 (12,000)	351,024 (4,000)
Public relations expense	(25,539)	(4,646)
Administrative services expense	(180,185)	(204,132)
Facilities expense	(204,994)	(188,477)
	\$ 1,854,141	\$ 2,154,247

Inter-fund administrative support/facility recovery expenses are charged based on estimated use of services.

Amounts included in accounts receivable and accounts payable are as follows:

Accounts receivable	 2021	2020
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc. Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied	\$ 235,541	\$ 172,158
Research, Inc.	3,743	195
Gabriel Dumont College Inc.	 _	400,100
	\$ 239,284	\$ 572,453

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended June 30, 2021

10. Related party transactions (continued):

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2021		2020
Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied	œ	44,716	œ	26.881
Research, Inc. Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc.	.	10,719	Ф	20,00 i -
	\$	55,435	\$	26,881

11. Economic dependence:

Approximately 62% (2020 - 62%) of the Institute's revenue was derived from the Government of Saskatchewan. Funding is provided by annual grants under contracts expiring on various dates.

12. Pension plan:

The Institute contributed to a pension plan for the employees based on a negotiated rate of contribution. The pension expense for the year was \$232,641 (2020 - \$233,939).

13. COVID 19:

On March 11, 2020 COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This has resulted in significant economic uncertainty and financial markets have experienced significant volatility in response to the developing COVID-19 pandemic. While operations of Dumont Technical Institute have not been significantly impacted by the pandemic, the situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the potential impact on future results is currently undeterminable.

14

Financial Statements of

GABRIEL DUMONT INSTITUTE TRAINING AND EMPLOYMENT INC.

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended March 31, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Governors of Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc. (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Aboriginal Skills and Employment Training Strategy Métis Funding Agreement dated August 25, 2010 and amendment agreement dated May 8, 2019.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Financial Reporting Framework

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which describes the applicable financial reporting framework and the purpose of the financial statements.

As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with financial reporting provisions of the Aboriginal Skills and Employment Training Strategy Métis Funding Agreement dated August 25, 2010 and amendment agreement dated May 8, 2019, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

KPMG LLP

Saskatoon, Canada July 22, 2021

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$)-	\$ 105,047
Accounts receivable	587,742	163,852
Prepaid expenses	539,445	
	1,127,187	268,899
Furniture, equipment, and vehicle (note 2)	6,390	14,910
	\$ 1,133,577	\$ 283,809
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Bank indebtedness (note 1(c))	\$ 439,900	\$ -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	29,087	153,910
Due to related party (Note 6)	258,594	=
Deferred revenue (note 3)	399,606	114,989
	1,127,187	268,899
Deferred contributions for furniture, equipment, and		
vehicle (note 4)	6,390	14,910
	\$ 1,133,577	\$ 283,809

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Governor

Governor

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	 2020
Revenue:		
Service Canada-Indigenous Skills and Employment		
Training Strategy Métis Funding ("ISETP")		
(schedule 1)	\$ 13,822,582	\$ 14,087,797
Skills and Partnership Fund Agreement - (SPF)	1,644,570	2,138,016
Western Diversification Program ("WDP") -		
Entrepreneurship	195,714	471,442
	 15,662,866	16,697,255
Expenses (schedule 2):		
Service delivery (schedule 3)	11,331,372	12,120,304
Wages and benefits	3,626,384	3,733,119
Facilities rentals	272,980	243,324
Computer software support	80,193	40,810
Public relations	79,500	108,158
Telephone	77,335	70,354
Office supplies	48,481	61,122
Selection committee and professional development	42,968	58,068
Professional fees	34,178	39,557
Office	18,469	55,203
Equipment rentals	14,210	11,640
Insurance	13,752	11,422
Amortization	8,520	8,674
Interest and bank charges	5,916	3,980
Staff travel	5,199	129,660
Postage and courier	2,956	1,422
Repairs and maintenance	300	310
Contractual services and consulting	153	 128
	15,662,866	16,697,255
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ _	\$ _

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operations:		
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of furniture, equipment and vehicles Amortization of deferred contributions	\$ 8,520	\$ 8,674
for furniture, equipment and vehicles Change in non-cash operating working capital:	(8,520)	(8,674)
Accounts receivable	(423,890)	95,935
Prepaid expenses	(539,445)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(124,823)	(353,607)
Deferred revenue	284,617	(417,389)
Due to related party	258,594	-
Decrease in cash position	(544,947)	(675,061)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	105,047	780,108
Cash and cash equivalents (Bank indebtedness),	 	
end of year	\$ (439,900)	\$ 105,047

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021

Operations:

Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc. ("the Institute") is a not-for-profit organization that provides Métis people in Saskatchewan the opportunity to obtain training and education. This opportunity is provided through the Institute and funded through the Métis Human Resources Development Agreement signed with Human Resources and Social Development and the Employment Insurance Commission ("Service Canada") (the "AHRDA Agreement") and its successor agreements the Aboriginal Skills and Employment Training Strategy Métis Funding Agreement dated August 25, 2010 ("ASETS Agreement" or "ASETS"), amended by Indigenous Skills and Employment Training Program Agreement dated May 8, 2019 ("ISET Agreement" or "ISETP"), the Western Diversification Project Article Agreement dated November 4, 2014 ("WDP Agreement" or "WDP") and the WDP Entrepreneurship Agreement dated September 14, 2017 with the Minister of Western Economic Diversification.

The Institute is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc., and its related entities: Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Dumont Technical Institute Inc., and Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, as the Board of Governors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. are the same governors and the only governors of the controlled entities. These financial statements do not include the operations of these other entities.

The Institute and its affiliates are incorporated under the Non-Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and as such are not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Institute commenced operations in November of 2006. The ISETP Agreement with Service Canada has been renewed to March 31, 2029. The WDP Entrepreneurship Agreement with the Minister of Western Economic Diversification has been renewed to March 31, 2023. The Skills and Partnership Fund ("SPF") Agreement with the Minister of Employment, Workforce Development and Labour has been renewed to March 31, 2023.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of reporting to the Institute's primary funding agency, Service Canada. As a result, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations, with the exception of the use of the modified cash basis for programs as outlined in note 1(a), and reflect the following accounting policies:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(a) Modified cash basis for programs:

Program claims submitted within sixty days of the financial statement date are accrued as program expenses and included in funding claims from Service Canada. Program expenses not submitted within the sixty day deadline are not recognized in the period when the activity occurred that caused the expense. Amounts spent on eligible expenditures over current year funding levels that have been approved for carry over to be applied against next year funding have been recorded as prepaid expenses. This differs from Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit organizations as the expenses are to be recognized in the period incurred.

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Interest earned on restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of furniture, equipment and vehicle are deferred and recognized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related furniture, equipment and vehicle.

The value of contributed services and related expenses is not recognized in these financial statements.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents (Bank indebtedness):

Cash and cash equivalents include bank indebtedness and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

The Institute has an available credit facility authorized to a maximum of \$500,000 which bears interest at bank prime plus 1% on outstanding amounts. As of March 31, 2021 \$331,194 (2020 - \$500,000) is available on the line.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Furniture, equipment, and vehicle:

Furniture, equipment, and vehicle are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. Amortization is provided using the following methods and annual rates:

Asset	Method	Rate
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Vehicle	Declining balance Declining balance Straight-line	20% 20% 20%

Amortization is recorded in the month the assets are put into use such that the total costs of the assets will be charged to operations over the useful life of the assets.

(e) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the collectibility of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, useful life of furniture, equipment and vehicle and the estimates of deferred revenue. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(f) Employee benefits:

The Institute provides a defined contribution pension plan, life insurance, long-term disability coverage, dental, vision, and health care benefits to employees. Costs are expensed in the year incurred. Pension expense was \$211,400 (2020-\$211,058).

(g) Financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities (cash and cash equivalents (bank indebtedness), accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities) are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. All financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Institute has not elected to carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Financial instruments (continued):

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Institute determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Institute expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(h) Allocation of expenses:

The Institute allocates all of its expenses to individual programs. The costs of each program include the costs of personnel, premises and other expense that are directly related to providing the program services.

2. Furniture, equipment, and vehicles:

	 Cost	 ccumulated Amortization	2021 Net book value	2020 Net book value
Vehicle Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	\$ 39,575 49,455 10,506	\$ 35,618 47,448 10,080	\$ 3,957 2,007 426	\$ 11,872 2,505 533
	\$ 99,536	\$ 93,146	\$ 6,390	\$ 14,910

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

3. Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue relates to expenses of future periods and represents unspent externally restricted contributions for specific programs.

	· 	2021	2020	
Service Canada ISETP Agreement Skills and Partnership Fund	\$	- 399,606	\$	100,524 14,465
	\$	399,606	\$	114,989

4. Deferred contributions for furniture, equipment and vehicle:

Deferred contributions for furniture, equipment and vehicle represents the unamortized amount related to the purchase of these capital assets. The amortization of deferred contributions for furniture, equipment and vehicle is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 14,910 \$	23,584
Deferred contributions recognized	(8,520)	(8,674)
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,390 \$	14,910

5. Commitments:

The Institute has specific commitments pursuant to operating leases for the rental of office space and equipment, as follows:

2022	\$ 290,398
2023	70,661
2024	71,533
2025	72,697
2026	42,958

The operating leases are primarily based on monthly rentals.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

6. Related party transactions:

During the year the Institute paid \$2,640,549 (2020 - \$1,047,072), \$397 (2020 - Nil), \$565,248 (2020 - \$630,449) and \$874 (2020 - \$23,126) for service delivery and salaries to Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc., Gabriel Dumont College Inc. and Metis Nation of Saskatchewan, respectively.

The Institute has entered into a lease with each of Dumont Technical Institute Inc. and Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc. for the rental of office space. The Institute paid \$107,135 and \$57,576, respectively, for these services for the year ended March 31, 2021 (2020 - \$106,723 and \$57,803).

Due to Related Party includes \$258,594 (2020 - nil) owing to Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc., is non-interest bearing and is not subject to fixed terms of repayment.

Accounts receivable includes \$102,390 (2020 - \$232) owed from Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc., \$211,522 (2020 - \$1,177) owed from Dumont Technical Institute Inc. and \$200,000 (2020 - \$nil) owed from Gabriel Dumont College Inc.

Certain administrative functions of the organization are managed by Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. at no charge.

Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

7. Economic dependence:

99% (2020 - 97%) of the Institute's revenue was derived from Service Canada. The contract with Service Canada has been extended to March 31, 2029.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

8. Financial instruments and risk management:

The Institute, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk and market risk (interest rate risk and other price risks).

Credit risk:

The Institute's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents (bank indebtedness), accounts receivable which are all subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represents the Institute's maximum credit exposure at the statement of financial position date.

The Institute's credit risk is primarily attributable to its accounts receivable. Credit risk related to accounts receivable is minimized as these receivables are from government organizations. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Market risk:

The Institute is exposed to interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates on its credit facility agreement. Interest rate risk associated with the credit facility agreement is limited as the maximum amount of line of credit is \$500,000.

9. COVID 19:

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic which continues to spread throughout Canada. On March 18, 2020, the Government of Saskatchewan (SK) declared a provincial state of emergency due to the pandemic. The impact of COVID-19 on the Institute, including the remote delivery of certain programming and various effects on funding availability, are reflected in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021. While operations of the Institute have not been significantly impacted by the pandemic, the situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the potential impact on future results is currently undeterminable.

Schedules of Service Canada ISETP Agreement Revenue

	į	Employment	(Consolidated		
		Insurance		venue Fund	2021	2020
Service Canada contributions	\$	4,731,451	\$	8,954,727	\$ 13,686,178	\$ 13,539,417
Deferred revenue - beginning of year		-		100,524	100,524	532,369
Deferred contributions for furniture, equipment and vehicle - beginning						
of year		-		14,910	14,910	23,584
Deferred contributions for furniture, equipment and vehicle - end of						
year		-		(6,390)	(6,390)	(14,910)
Interest earned		-		20,837	20,837	100,811
Other revenue		-		6,523	6,523	7,050
Deferred revenue - end of year		-		-	-	(100,524)
Revenue recognized	\$	4,731,451	\$	9,091,131	\$ 13,822,582	\$ 14,087,797

Schedule of Expenses

			Co	nsolidated		Western	Skills and			
	E	nployment			Diversification		Partnership			
		Insurance		Fund		Program	Fund	2021	202	
Program Administration Expenses										
Wages and benefits	\$	384,645	\$	972,504	\$	189,091	\$ 156,388	\$ 1,702,628	\$ 1,437,015	
Public relations		936		68,232		6,134	1,061	76,363	84,655	
Office		-		2,858		-	-	2,858	33,744	
Staff travel		572		2,806		490	587	4,455	48,664	
Professional fees		-		34,178		-	-	34,178	39,557	
Facilities rentals		-		37,400		-	-	37,400	36,988	
Computer software support		-		66,085		-	-	66,085	33,490	
Telephone		49,717		27,618		_	-	77,335	21,695	
Insurance				13,202		-	-	13,202	11,422	
Selection committee and professional										
development		8,865		17,732		-	-	26,597	24,435	
Amortization		-		8,520		-	-	8,520	8,674	
Office supplies		30,463		9,415		-	-	39,878	15,458	
Interest and bank charges		•		5,916		-	-	5,916	3,980	
Contractual services and consulting		-		153		-	-	153	128	
Postage and courier		2,687		269		-	-	2,956	249	
		477,885		1,266,888		195,715	158,036	2,098,524	1,800,154	
Program Assistance Expenses										
Education and training costs		1,685,284	4	4,791,804		-	342,969	6,820,057	6,581,126	
Student allowances		857,090	:	2,177,335		-	23,658	3,058,083	3,470,937	
Wage subsidies		121,861		211,465		-	1,119,906	1,453,232	2,068,241	
Staff travel		-		-		-	-	-	53,521	
Telephone		-		-		-	-	-	48,529	
Office supplies		-		-		-	-	-	28,040	
Public relations		-		-		-	-	•	1,393	
Postage and courier		-		_			-		1,173	
		2,664,235	•	7,180,604		_	1,486,533	11,331,372	12,252,960	

Schedule of Expenses (continued)

	Employment Insurance		solidated Revenue Fund	Dive	Western ersification Program	Skills and Partnershij Fund)	2020
imployment Assistance Services								
Wages and benefits	\$ 1,589,331	\$	334,425	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,923,756	\$ 2,296,104
Facilities rental	· · · -		235,580	•	-	•	235,580	206,336
Staff travel	-		744		-	-	744	27,475
Selection committee and professional								
development	-		16,371		-	-	16,371	33,633
Office	-		15,611		-	-	15,611	21,459
Office supplies	-		8,603		-	-	8,603	17,624
Equipment rentals	-		14,210		-	-	14,210	11,640
Public relations	-		3,137		-	-	3,137	22,110
Computer software support	-		14,108		-	-	14,108	7,320
Repairs and maintenance	-		300		-	-	300	310
Telephone	-		-		-	-	-	130
Insurance	-		550		-	-	550	-
Contractual services and consulting	-							
	1,589,331		643,639		-	-	2,232,970	2,644,141
	\$ 4,731,451	\$ 9,	091,131	\$	195,715	\$ 1,644,569	\$ \$15,662,866	\$16,697,255

Schedule of Service Delivery Expenses

•			Prince				North	Meadow	lle a la			•	
	Saskatoon	Regina	Albert	Nipawin	La Ronge	Yorkton	Battleford	Lake	Crosse	La Loche	Beauval	2021	2020
Tuition and program delivery	\$ 1,624,652	\$ 952,508	\$1,172,106	210,045	\$ 537,022 \$	51,015 \$	149,212	358,808 \$	93,496 \$	233,485	150,790 \$	5,533,139	4,899,654
Income support	883,768	589,314	513,404	141,521	53,530	88,105	184,289	270,230	73,234	147,027	147,088	3,091,510	3,494,909
Wage subsidies	411,700	64,239	172,120	35,442	61,558	56,665	65,252	266,647	105,917	13,855	52,655	1,306,050	1,908,821
Books	80,787	64,253	62,112	14,966	5,035	8,952	25,918	41,658	7,305	24,872	17,727	353,585	586,831
Dependent care	96,228	67,257	39,061	4,575	1,365	_	23,763	62,183	6,163	14,813	7,615	323,023	390,930
Supplies	86,320	41,586	61,635	64	573	6,379	13,117	22,411	6,111	7,410	3,855	249,461	403,980
Student work experience	12,662	-	47,818	35,379	-	· -	4,958	38,250	-	· -	8,115	147,182	159,418
Student travel	37,271	20,409	16,682	14,105	1,751	7,732	6,284	25,138	4,910	4,075	6,361	144,718	265,300
Living away from home													•
allowance	2,900	100	-	1,450	3,800	-	125	1,600	-	-	350	10,325	7,419
Special needs allowance	43,360	17,871	36,662	1,584	1,530	7,191	4,544	40,939	4,627	4,500	9,571	172,379	3,042
	\$ 3,279,648	\$ 1,817,537	\$ 2,121,600 \$	459,131	\$ 666,164 \$	226,039 \$	477,462 \$	1,127,864 \$	301,763 \$	450,038 \$	404,129 \$	11,331,372	\$ 12,120,304

Financial Statements of

GABRIEL DUMONT COLLEGE INC.

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended March 31, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Governors of Gabriel Dumont College Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gabriel Dumont College Inc. (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions
 and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
 planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
 deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Chartered Professional Accountants

LPMG LLP

Saskatoon, Canada

July 22, 2021

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments and marketable securities (note 3) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 384,624 182,371 834,921 2,487	\$ 873,707 162,902 709,329 13,733
	1,404,403	1,759,671
Equipment (note 4)	13,724	7,743
	\$ 1,418,127	\$ 1,767,414
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 402,759	\$ 695,576
Net assets: Unrestricted Invested in equipment	1,001,644 13,724 1,015,368	 1,064,095 7,743 1,071,838
	\$ 1,418,127	\$ 1,767,414

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

Governor

Governor

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Revenue:		
Tuition and related fees (note 5)	\$ 1,842,610	\$ 1,727,418
Investment Income	24,130	16,899
Program grants (note 5)	 -	187,123
	1,866,740	1,931,440
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	1,161,853	857,844
Scholarships, tuition and student fees	424,585	538,569
Student supplies	126,087	76,381
Consulting fees	117,512	201,525
Travel	15,863	37,002
Equipment expense	14,045	59,190
Audit and legal	13,488	18,351
Office supplies and services	12,854	17,282
Bank charges	10,879	10,655
Facilities and rent	10,605	14,301
Repairs and maintenance	9,774	555
Promotions	3,280	86,330
Amortization of equipment	2,385	1,935
Start up allowances	-	1,750
Student recruitment	-	917
Computer	-	190
	1,923,210	 1,922,777
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ (56,470)	\$ 8,663

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	(Jnrestricted	Invested in Equipment	Total
Net assets, April 1, 2019 Excess of revenue over expenses Amortization of equipment	\$	1,053,497 8,663 1,935	\$ 9,678 - (1,935)	\$ 1,063,175 8,663 -
Net assets, March 31, 2020	\$	1,064,095	\$ 7,743	\$ 1,071,838
Excess of revenue over expenses Amortization of equipment Purchase of equipment		(56,470) 2,385 (8,366)	- (2,385) 8,366	(56,470) - -
Net assets, March 31, 2021	\$	1,001,644	\$ 13,724	\$ 1,015,368

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2020		
Cash flows from (used in):				
Operations:				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Items not involving cash:	\$	(56,470)	\$	8,663
Amortization of equipment		2,385		1,935
Change in fair value of investments Change in non-cash operating working capital:		(19,469)		4,512
Accounts receivable		(125,592)		1,010
Prepaid expenses		11,246		(9,233)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(292,817)		233,397
Deferred revenue		-		(187,123)
Investing:		(480,717)		53,161
Purchase of equipment		(8,366)		-
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(489,083)		53,161
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		873,707		820,546
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	384,624	\$	873,707

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021

1. Nature of operations:

Gabriel Dumont College Inc. ("GDC" or "the College") is a Not-for-Profit Organization incorporated under the Non Profit Corporations Act of Saskatchewan and is not subject to income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The purpose of the College is to provide a means of post secondary education for Métis people.

The College is affiliated with the University of Saskatchewan and the University of Regina to allow Non Métis university students to enroll in GDC programming provided there is space available after Métis students have enrolled to a maximum total capacity of 40 people.

The Institute is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research and its related entities: Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment Inc., the Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II, and the Board of Governors of Gabriel Dumont College Inc. are the governors of all the controlled entities.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook and reflect the following accounting policies:

(a) Revenue recognition:

The College follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Tuition and related fees are recognized when courses are provided and collection of the related receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable. Amounts received for future services are deferred until the service is provided.

Funds received for programs which have been externally restricted and where the related costs will be incurred in future periods are recorded as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position and will be recorded as revenue on the statement of operations in the period when the related costs are incurred.

(b) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the estimated useful life of equipment, the collectibility of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash, bank indebtedness and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

(d) Equipment:

Equipment is recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When equipment no longer contributes to the College's ability to provide services its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Equipment is amortized over its estimated useful lives using the following methods and annual rates:

Asset	Method	Rate		
Computer equipment	Declining	20 %		
Other equipment	Declining	20 %		

Amortization is recorded in the month the assets are put into use such that the total cost of the assets will be charged to operations over the useful life of the assets.

(e) Financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities (cash and cash equivalents, investments and marketable securities, accounts receivable and account payable and accrued liabilities) are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The College has elected to carry their investments and marketable securities at fair value. Fair value fluctuations in these assets including interest earned, interest accrued, gains and losses realized on disposal and unrealized gains and losses are included in investment income.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Financial instruments (continued):

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, The College determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount The College expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(f) Allocation of shared expenses:

Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. ("Institute") and affiliates sometimes incur shared costs that are related to all Gabriel Dumont affiliates. The Institute allocates certain of its general support expenses by identifying the appropriate basis of allocating each expense between the affiliates.

3. Investments and marketable securities:

•		2021		_	2020
	 Cost	 Market	Cost		Market
Provincial bonds	\$ 12,257	\$ 12,522	\$ 17,228	\$	17,516
Debentures	44,057	45,661	48,138		47,562
Guaranteed investment		-	·		•
certificate	50,000	50,000	46,000		46,000
Cash	29,908	29,792	22,183		22,183
Common shares	36,316	44,396	34,473		29,641
	\$ 172,538	\$ 182,371	\$ 168,022	\$	162,902

The Provincial Bonds have interest rates of 1.55% to 3.10% (2020 - 1.55% to 3.10%) and mature between 2022 and 2024 (2020 - 2021 to 2024).

The debentures are all at fixed rates and have a weighted average interest rate of 2.66% (2020 - 2.71%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 2.82 (2020 - 3.58) years.

The guaranteed investment certificates have a weighted average interest rate of 2.34% (2020 - 2.64%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 3.11 (2020 - 2.41) years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

4. Equipment:

	 		2021	2020
	Cost	 cumulated mortization	Net book value	 Net book value
Computer equipment Other equipment	\$ 67,004 41,074	\$ 59,557 34,797	\$ 7,447 6,277	\$ 1,467 6,276
	\$ 108,078	\$ 94,354	\$ 13,724	\$ 7,743

Computer equipment with a net carrying value of \$1,174 (2020 - \$1,467) represents Gabriel Dumont College's one third interest in a computer system that is shared with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. and Dumont Technical Institute Inc.

5. Related party transactions:

The College had the following transactions with related parties during the year. All transactions were recorded at the exchange amount being amounts agreed upon between the related parties.

		2021		2020
Revenues: Tuition and related fees: Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.	\$	480,097	\$	422.678
Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc.	•	578,090	•	634,011
Program grants: Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.		-		187,123
Expenses: Programming/ services: Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc.		9,630		147,387

Accounts payable includes \$123,468 (2020 - \$188,800) to Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, \$200,000 (2020 - \$nil) to Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment, and \$nil (2020 - \$14) to Dumont Technical Institute.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

5. Related party transactions (continued):

Accounts receivable includes \$480,318 (2020 - \$422,849) from Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, \$2,367 (2020 - \$nil) from Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation, and \$16,404 (2020 - \$7,125) from Gabriel Dumont Institute Training & Employment...

Certain administrative functions of the College are managed by Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. at no charge.

6. Capital management:

The College defines its capital to be its unrestricted net assets. The College monitors its financial performance against budgets. Excess of revenue over expenses are accumulated as unrestricted net assets. In the event revenue declines, the College will budget for reduced operational expenditures. While an annual deficit could arise, no such deficit would be allowed to exceed the amount of unrestricted net assets.

7. Financial instruments and risk management:

The College, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk and market risk (interest rate risk and other price risk).

Credit risk

The College's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, investments and marketable securities and accounts receivable which are subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the College's maximum credit exposure at the year-end date.

The College's credit risk is primarily attributable to its accounts receivable. The amounts disclosed in the statement of financial position are net of allowance for doubtful accounts, estimated by management of the College based on previous experience and its assessment of the current economic environment. The College also has credit risk related to its investments and marketable securities due to the volatility of the markets. The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest-bearing investments and marketable securities have a limited exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term maturity.

GABRIEL DUMONT COLLEGE INC.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2021

7. Financial instruments and risk management (continued):

Fair values

Investments and marketable securities are recorded at fair value. The fair value of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying value due to their short-term period to maturity.

8. COVID-19:

On March 11, 2020 COVID-19 was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This has resulted in significant economic uncertainty and financial markets have experienced significant volatility in response to the developing COVID-19 pandemic. The impact of COVID-19 on the College, including the remote delivery of certain programming and various effects on funding availability, are reflected in the financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. The College continues to provide services via virtual and social distances learning, the situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the potential impact on future results is currently undeterminable.

Financial Statements of

THE GABRIEL DUMONT SCHOLARSHIP FOUNDATION II

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended December 31, 2020



KPMG LLP 500-475 2nd Avenue South Saskatoon Saskatchewan S7K 1P4 Canada Tel (306) 934-6200 Fax (306) 934-6233

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II (the Foundation), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020
- the statement of revenue and expenses for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

KPMG LLP

Saskatoon, Canada April 16, 2021

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,836	\$ 92,360
Accounts receivable	77,039	25,137
Managed funds (note 6)	2,693,279	2,518,795
Restricted cash (note 6)	 7,299	7,299
	2,803,453	2,643,591
Investments (note 4)	3,518,007	3,475,207
	\$ 6,321,460	\$ 6,118,798
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,003	\$ 11,704
Managed fund payable (note 6)	2,700,578	2,526,094
Deferred revenue	24,975	_
	2,747,556	2,537,798
Net assets:		
Restricted for endowment purposes (note 5)	3,244,105	3,244,105
Unrestricted	329,799	336,895
	3,573,904	3,581,000
	\$ 6,321,460	\$ 6,118,798

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Director

Statement of Revenue and Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	2020	2019
Revenue:		
Donations (note 7)	\$ 165,967	\$ 215,638
GDITE endowment (note 5(b))	-	300,000
Government of Saskatchewan - Ministry of Advanced Education	28,100	34,200
Interest and investment income	83,797	91,542
	277,864	641,380
Expenses:		
Scholarships	279,600	296,950
Administrative and professional services	5,360	9,327
	284,960	306,277
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenses	\$ (7,096)	\$ 335,103

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	U	nrestricted	Restricted Fiddler & Carriere ndowment	Restricted GDITE	Restricted GDS Endowment	2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year	\$	336,895	\$ 4,105	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 3,581,000	\$ 3,245,897
Excess of revenue over expenses		(7,096)	-	-	-	(7,096)	335,103
Balance, end of year	\$	329,799	\$ 4,105	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 3,573,904	\$ 3,581,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2020, with comparative information for 2019

	_	2020		2019
Cash flows from (used in):				
Operations:				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	(7,096)	\$	335,103
Item not involving cash:				
Adjustment for fair value (increase) decrease on				
investments and reinvested investment income		(6,131)		(7,661)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		(54.002)		(DE 063)
Accounts receivable		(51,902) 10.299		(25,063) 3,400
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue		24,975	(55,600)	
Deletieu revellue		(29,855)		250,179
		(29,000)		250,179
Investing:				
Purchase of investments		(673,108)		(1,177,352)
Redemption of investments		` 34,000		
Sale of investments		602,439		700,000
		(36,669)		(477,352)
Increase in cash		(66,524)		(227,173)
Cash hasinning of year		92,360		319,533
Cash, beginning of year		92,300		019,000
Cash, end of year	\$	25,836	\$	92,360

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2020

1. Nature of operations:

The Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Foundation II (the "Foundation") was established by a Trust Agreement between Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. and the Trustees of the Foundation. The Trust Agreement was originally dated October 10, 1986 and was updated on March 1, 2000, May 10, 2002 and August 8, 2014. This Agreement specifies the restrictions under which the trust may be operated.

On April 1, 2000, the Foundation was incorporated and assets were transferred from the Gabriel Dumont Scholarship ("GDS") Foundation, in accordance with the Trust Agreement.

The purpose of the Foundation is to devote itself to charitable activities of which the primary purpose is the advancement of education of Métis peoples in the Province of Saskatchewan. It is registered with Canada Revenue Agency as a charitable organization and is therefore exempt from income tax.

The Foundation is jointly controlled with Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research and its related entities, Gabriel Dumont College Inc., Dumont Technical Institute Inc., Gabriel Dumont Institute Training and Employment Inc., and Gabriel Dumont Institute Press Inc., as the Board of Directors of Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. are the same directors and the only directors of the controlled entities. These financial statements do not include the operations of these other entities.

2. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook.

(a) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for donation revenue. Restricted donation revenue is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted donation revenue is recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue represents donation revenue received in advance to be used for scholarships which have not yet been awarded.

Interest income from investments is recognized as revenue when earned.

(c) Scholarships:

Scholarships are recorded as payable when the scholarships have been granted and the recipient has met all the requirements and obligations.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include bank indebtedness and balances with financial institutions which are highly liquid and have an initial term to maturity of three months or less.

(e) Administrative services:

The Foundation may be charged for administrative services provided by The Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. These charges are based on a percentage of interest and invested revenue, not to exceed 10%. An administrative fee has not been charged in 2020 or 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(f) Financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and their subsequent measurement is dependent on their classification as described below:

- Cash and cash equivalents and Investments are classified as financial assets and are measured at fair value. Fair value fluctuations in these assets which may include interest earned, interest accrued, gains and losses realized on disposal and unrealized gains and losses are included in revenue.
- Managed funds are classified as financial assets and are measured at fair value.
 Fair value fluctuations in these assets which may include interest earned, interest accrued, gains and losses realized on disposal and unrealized gains and losses are included in value with the cooresponding increase in managed fund payable.
- Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables and measured at amortized cost.
- Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other liabilities and measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs related to financial assets subsequently measured at fair value are expensed as incurred.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Foundation determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Foundation expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

3. Financial instruments and risk management:

The Foundation, through its financial assets and liabilities, has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

The Foundation's principal financial assets are cash and cash equivalents and investments which are subject to credit risk. The carrying amounts of these financial assets on the statement of financial position represent the Foundation's maximum credit exposure at the statement of financial position date.

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and investments is limited because the counterparties are chartered banks with high credit ratings assigned by national credit-rating agencies.

Interest rate risk

The interest-bearing investments and marketable securities have an exposure to interest rate risk depending on prevailing market interest rates as interest bearing investments are renewed. The risk is mitigated by the Foundation holding guaranteed investment certificates with maturity dates from 2021 to 2025.

Market risk

Investments consist primarily of guaranteed investment certificates bearing fixed rates of interest and investment savings mutual funds. The Foundation is exposed to limited market risk on its mutual fund investment based on the volatility of the markets.

Fair values

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are recorded at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

4. Investments:

Investment		2020 Cost		2020 Market Value		2019 Cost		2019 Market Value	
Cash	\$	12,320	\$	12,320	\$	-	\$	•	
Guaranteed investment certificates Mutual Funds		100,000 174,821		3,135,112 174,821		3,300,000 136,187		3,339,020 136,187	
Common Shares		201,333		195,754		-		-	
	3,	488,474	\$	3,518,007	\$	3,436,187	\$	3,475,207	

The guaranteed investment certificates have a weighted average interest rate of 2.63% (2019 - 2.69%) and a weighted average term to maturity of 2.26 years (2019 - 2.69 years).

Under the terms of the Trust Agreement, the objective of the investment portfolio is to preserve the capital base of the Foundation while maximizing current income to meet scholarship demand. The Foundation has established asset allocation and quality guidelines with respect to investments of the Foundation. Investments are to be allocated between cash and short-term investments (20% - 40%), fixed income securities (over one year) (60% - 80%) and equities (0% - 15%). The Quality guidelines provide for minimum investment ratings, maximum limits for any individual investment, and limitations on the type of equity investments that may be held by the Foundation. At December 31, 2020 the Foundation's investment allocation consisted of cash and short-term investments of 20% (2019 - 0%); fixed income (including mutual fund savings accounts) investments of 74% (2019 - 100%) and equities of 6% (2019 - 0%).

All investment income from endowment funds is unrestricted and may be used by the Foundation for scholarships and administration of the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

5. Net assets restricted for endowment purposes:

Under the terms of the Trust Agreement, the capital base of assets restricted for endowment purposes is not to fall below \$3,244,105 (2019 - \$3,244,105) consisting of the following endowments:

a) Gabriel Dumont Scholarship Program:

The Napoleon Lafontaine Economic Development Scholarship Program ('Gabriel Dumont Scholarship or GDS") was created in 1986 to encourage Saskatchewan Métis people to pursue full-time educational training in the fields of academic studies related to the development of the Métis peoples. This endowment amounts to \$1,040,000.

b) Gabriel Dumont Institute of Training & Employment Scholarship and Bursary Program:

The Gabriel Dumont Institute of Training & Employment Scholarship and Bursary Program ("GDITE") was created through the support of Service Canada and Gabriel Institute of Training and Employment Inc. In 2008, an endowment was established through a contribution from the Métis Aboriginal Human Resources Development Agreement to support Métis individuals who are improving their employment and educational realities. Total contributions to date are \$2,200,000 (2019 - \$2,200,000).

c) Fiddler & Carriere Endowment:

In 2014, Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc. transferred \$4,105 and the related administration responsibilities of the Fiddler & Carriere Endowment Fund to the Foundation. This endowment fund was originally created in 1980.

6. Managed Funds:

The Foundation signed an agency agreement with The Métis Nation - Saskatchewan Secretariat Inc. to manage an endowment fund provided by Indigenous Services Canada in the amount of \$2,500,000. These endowment funds are to be used to support post-secondary education of Métis students. The fund is to be managed in accordance with the Federal Grant Agreement. Managed funds are held in a separate investment account specifically related to these management funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2020

7. Related party transactions:

During the year, the Foundation had the following transactions with related parties. All transactions were recorded at the exchange amount, which was agreed upon between the related parties.

		2020		2019
Revenues:				
Donations:				
Gabriel Dumont Institute of				
Native Studies and Applied				
Research Inc.		67,000		
	\$	67,000	\$	-
Accounts receivable includes \$67,020 /	2010 \$52	\ from Cak	riol	Dumont Institute of Nativo

Accounts receivable includes \$67,039 (2019 - \$52) from Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research.

During the year, the Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research Inc. also reimbursed the Foundation for all bank charges and fees incurred. This amounted to \$637 (2019 - \$0).

Certain administrative functions of the Foundation are managed by Gabriel Dumont Institute of Native Studies and Applied Research, Inc. at no charge.

8. COVID 19:

The COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020. This has resulted in the Canadian and Provincial governments enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. The current challenging climate may lead to adverse changes in cash flows and working capital levels, which may also have a direct impact on the entity's operating results and financial position both in the current year and in the future. The situation is dynamic and the ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effect on the Entity is not known at this time.